

Hawaiian Gazette.

VOL. XXXVII, No. 64.

HONOLULU, H. T., TUESDAY, AUGUST 10, 1902—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE No. 2411.

HELD TO GRAND JURY

Murder Case Being Heard in Hilo.

HILO, August 15.—The entire week has been taken up with the hearing of the Japanese murder cases. One of the defendants Watanabe has already been held to the grand jury by Judge Hapal without bail.

Watanabe was the first of the defendants brought before the court. He is a stockily-built fellow with an evil look on his face. His neck is seamed with knife wounds and he has a wicked eye which he fixes upon the witnesses at all times. The first person called for the prosecution was Deputy Sheriff Overend, who described the appearance of the house and rooms when he arrived there on the night of the murder. He also described the actions of Watanabe, who persisted in following him about the hotel while he was making the inspection.

The next witness was the Japanese who had been called from Oahu to Honolulu. He was on the stand nearly two days and was succeeded by another Japanese who had been employed around the hotel and was present on the day of the trouble. At the close of his testimony Watanabe was committed without bail for the grand jury.

Funakoshi was put on for a hearing on Monday and Kadema, a barber, the man who tried to secure money for the release of Motoshiro, was called as a witness. During the hearing on Monday and while Kadema was giving his testimony Funakoshi called to him in Japanese. After that it was rather difficult to secure information or direct answers from the witness. In order to obviate a recurrence of this the Sheriff moved the witness stand so that the witnesses would not have to face the prisoners while they were giving testimony. The hearings of the men implicated will occupy some time.

ESCAPED PRISON BY SUICIDE.

On April 1st one of the guards of Hilo jail was fooled by Ikeda Mansaku, a prisoner, who went off the road on an errand and failed to return. As the police failed to locate him Sheriff Andrews got out posters offering a reward of \$100 for the man's capture. Still nothing was heard of him until July 31st, when a policeman in Kohala recognized the fellow from the picture on the reward notice and placed him under arrest. He was duly locked up about 11 o'clock in the morning. The jailer gave the man his meals and he ate with a show of appetite. The jailer was busy in the afternoon until between four and five o'clock, when he went in to look at his prisoner. He saw the man apparently standing in the corner near the door and spoke to him. Receiving no answer he reached through the wicket and touched him. There was a peculiar sensation in the fingertips of the jailer when they came in contact with the flesh of the prisoner, so he went and got a friend to come in and investigate. The cell door was unlocked and as they opened it the Japanese fell to the ground. He had torn his blanket in strips and hanged himself to the top hinge of the door. From evidence taken by the jailer and an examination of the body there is no doubt that deceased was Ikeda Mansaku, the escaped prisoner.

PRACTICE SHOOT.

Both soldiers and civilians were out in force last Sunday at the range trying out their nerves and sighting facilities for the return match to come off on Sunday. Several scores above the 40 mark were made by both sides. Company D has accepted a challenge for a five man shoot with Honokaa, to take place on the 31st inst. An effort was made to have the Honokaa team come to Hilo, but as the trip would consume too much time and possibly fatigue the team to the extent that it would reduce the score it was decided to appoint an official marker and have the team shoot on the home range.

DROWNED AT HONOLULU.

Daijiozi, a Japanese employed at the Honolulu mill, was drowned at the old wharf at that place yesterday. The man was fishing and fell into the sea. His body was not recovered.

PLANTATIONS MUST PAY MORE.

The Tax Appeal Court is in session this week in Spreckels' Hall. The Court is made up of E. W. Barnard of Laupahoehoe, C. R. Glasgow of Hamakua and L. Severance of this city. The cases first taken up were those of O. T. Shipman, the Pepeekeo Sugar Co., and the Waiakoa Mill Co. O. T. Shipman objects to paying taxes on Oiaa land at an assessed valuation of \$60 per acre for certain cane land and \$40 per acre for unplanted land.

The Pepeekeo Sugar Co. is fighting an assessment of \$1,000,000, a raise as against last year of a quarter of a million in valuation.

The Waiakoa Mill Co., is assessed this year at \$2,000,000, a raise of three-quarters of a million over last year, from which the company appeals. Carl S. Smith appears in behalf of the Territory and Le Blond & Smith for the appellants.

VOLCANO STILL SMOKING.

Mr. F. Waldron of the Volcano House was in the city last Saturday. He reports the big crater to be in a quiescent

THE KING AND QUEEN OF ENGLAND CROWNED IN ANCIENT WESTMINSTER

LONDON, Aug. 9.—King Edward and Queen Alexandra were crowned in Westminster Abbey shortly after noon today. Though the ceremony was bereft of some of the elaboration and pageantry originally contemplated, it lacked little in the way of spectacular perfection. The whole ceremonial was of a magnificently decorative character and presented a constantly changing panorama, round the two central figures enthroned in their robes of velvet, ermine and cloth of gold, amidst the distinguished assemblage of actors, the fulfillment of whose various roles necessitated constant movement. Each stage of the ceremony, with its old-world usages, furnished its quota of interest, while the interior of the noble church, filled as it was with officiating prelates in varicolored capes, with Princes and diplomats, officers in gold laced uniforms, with heralds, pursuivants and other officers of state in medieval costumes, with peers and peeresses in rich robes, with oriental potentates in many-hued raiment, with men of all types and all shades of complexion from distant points of the new crowned monarch's empire, with its dazzling display of jewels and wealth of color, presented a picture which in its combined brilliancy and distinction has seldom been excelled.

BULLETIN OF THE EVENT.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—The King was crowned at 12:35. The news of the crowning was announced by an official outside the abbey. It was repeated by signal through London and was received with cheers which spread throughout the stands and crowds far up the streets, as the bells pealed joyfully.

The Queen was crowned at 12:55 p. m. The return journey of their Majesties commenced at 1:23 p. m.

As their Majesties were leaving the abbey rain commenced to fall, and they deferred their departure until the rain ceased. They left at 2:06 p. m.

The return journey, which was slow, was marked by scenes of enthusiasm. Their Majesties arrived at the palace at 2:55 p. m.

THE SPECTACULAR FEATURES.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—A brilliant sunrise promised perfect weather for coronation day but long before the ceremonies commenced, threatening clouds gathered, and the early arrivals on the roads of the procession came provided against contingencies. The earlier crowds were in nowise as large as it had been generally anticipated they would be. Many enthusiasts, with camp stools and ample supplies of provender had spent the night on the best coigns of vantage that could be secured and were in the same positions at 5 o'clock this morning. At that hour the troops began to take up their allotted stations and policemen, three paces apart lined the route of the procession from Buckingham Palace to Westminster Abbey. Up to 7 o'clock there were certainly more police than sight-seers visible, but after that time there was a rapid increase in the number of spectators, suburban trains and tram cars emptying thousands of persons every few minutes into the stations adjacent to the procession's route. East End London residents also flocked westward in such numbers that the streets east of Temple Bar became oppressively silent and deserted.

Scarcely had the doors of Westminster Abbey opened and the Gold Sticks and ushers found their places before the seats began to fill. Peers and peeresses swept up the nave, their scarlet and ermine making vivid contrasts against the deep blue of the carpet. As they arrived before the thrones they separated, the peers going to the right and the peeresses to the left.

Most of the best positions along the route of the procession were thickly crowded by 8 o'clock and the spectators were furnished with plenty of diversion by the marching and countermarching of the troops, headed by their bands, and quickly passing state coaches, private carriages and automobiles. Buckingham Palace, naturally, was one of the principal centres of interest, as it was the starting point of the great pageant. Crowds assembled there in immense numbers and the first hearty cheer of the day went up when the news was circulated that King Edward was in the best of health and spirits and well equipped to undergo the fatigues of the day.

By 9:30 the scene in the vicinity of the Palace and the Mall was extremely animated. The roof of the Palace and those of all the surrounding buildings were crowded with spectators, and the constantly arriving members of the royal family, with their suites and the appearance of the other participants in the procession elicited cheers varying in degree of enthusiasm according to the popularity of the personages recognized by the people. The Duke of Connaught, who rode down the Mall in an automobile for the purpose of seeing that the military arrangements along the route were complete, was heartily cheered.

Almost as animated was the scene in the vicinity of Westminster Abbey, where bands of music stationed about the building relieved the tedium of the early waiting, and soon after the doors were opened. State coaches, carriages and automobiles rattled up in a ceaseless line, the rich apparel of their occupants eliciting hearty approval,



which, however, was surpassed by the reception accorded to the men of the naval brigade as they marched past at a swinging pace to take up a favored position guarding the route near the Abbey. The Colonial Premiers and the Privy Councillors were warmly welcomed, the Fijians, in petticoats, were the center of much interest, and a Red Indian chief, in his native costume, feathers and blanket, decorated with the customary mirrors caused the most lively amusement.

As the hour appointed for the departure of the royal procession approached the excitement about Buckingham Palace was most marked. Punctual to time the advance guard of the royal cavalcade issued from the archway, the horses of the troopers curvetting nervously as they faced the wall of humanity that cheered their coming. Shortly afterwards came the Prince and Princess of Wales' procession and, finally, within a few minutes their Majesties' state coach appeared at the gateway, and the King and Queen smiled and bowed in response to the mighty roar of cheers that dwarfed all previous welcomes. The scene in the vicinity was remarkable. On the roof of the Palace were perched a number of fashionably dressed ladies, members of the household, and their cheers, with the fluttering of their handkerchiefs, as the King and Queen entered for the royal coach, gave the signal for the deafening plaudits of the populace which greeted their Majesties as they emerged from the gates. The ovation was taken up by the crowds which thronged the Mall and was repeatedly acknowledged by the occupants of the state coach.

The King looked pale and rather fine drawn, and was by no means as brown and robust as previous reports had led one to expect, and while punctiliously bowing from side to side he did so with a gravity very unusual to him. He seemed to sit rather far back in the carriage and moved his body very little. His curious crimson robes and cap doubtless gave him an unusual appearance. The Queen, beside him, was radiant. She never looked better. The cheers which greeted the pair were loud and unmistakably genuine, and very different from the perfunctory applause which usually greets the appearance of members of the royal family.

The three processions to the abbey were carried out according to program and the only striking features of the

first two were the gorgeous state carriages and the beautiful trappings and harness.

The crowd paid but little attention to the occupants of the vehicles. In the last carriage of the first procession sat Prince Henry of Prussia on the back seat, but he was so occupied with talking to the Duke of Sparta that he seemed not to notice the crowd. The Prince of Wales seemed very indifferent and staid, but the Princess of Wales bowed and smiled constantly. It was not until the King's procession came that there was any show of enthusiasm. Lord Kitchener, Admiral Seymour and General Gazelee, as they rode together, of course, came in for much attention.

(At this point service stopped owing to the departure of the S. S. Coptic.)

THE PRESS BULLETINS.

[The following bulletins recording the progress of the coronation ceremonies were posted in San Francisco up to the hour of the departure of the S. S. Coptic to Honolulu.]

LONDON, August 9.—The following changes were made in the program of the street procession:

In the first carriage Princess Alice of Albany, took the place of the Grand Duchess of Mecklenburg-Strelitz.

In the fifth carriage Princess Victoria Patricia replaced Princess Christian of Schleswig-Holstein.

In the sixth carriage rode, instead of Princess Victoria Patricia the Duke of Sparta.

Crown Prince Charles of Denmark, occupied the place in the seventh carriage which the Duke of Sparta was to have taken.

Lady Alexandra Duff rode in the eighth carriage in the place of Crown Prince Charles of Denmark.

In the King's procession, in the first carriage after the King's bargemaster and twelve watermen, Hon. A. V. Spencer and H. E. Festing, pages of honor, replaced Sir Acland Hood and Sidney Robert Greville.

In the second carriage Hon. Victor Christian Cavendish, treasurer of His Majesty's Household, was replaced by Sidney Robert Greville.

Field Marshal Lord Wolseley's place in the third carriage was taken by Lord Chelmsford.

These carriages were followed by four native Indian officers, acting as aides to the commander-in-chief, Lord Roberts.

LONDON, August 9.—Although the doors of Westminster Abbey were opened at 7 o'clock this morning, few participants in the coronation attendant upon the coronation of King Edward arrived

DEMOCRATS STAND FAST

Wilcox Cannot Yet Swallow the Party.

"Whatever may come of any negotiations which may be inaugurated between Delegate Wilcox and the Democracy you may rest assured they can have only one ending, the amalgamation of the Home Rule party with ours."

With these words, in closing his address to one of the largest meetings of the Democratic club yet held, Col. Cornwell, National Committeeman of the party, indicated the most important move in the local political situation. The club held its regular meeting in Waverley hall last evening, with a large gathering and there were received reports which showed a most healthy condition of the party. Speakers told of the success attending their efforts to gain names for the register, and on every hand was voiced the opinion that the party was in even better condition, locally at least, than it was two years ago.

There had been a number of speakers before the arrival of Col. Cornwell, and when he was called upon to speak it was nearing the close of the gathering. The burden of the talk of the committeeman was to the effect that in response to many requests coming not only locally but from mainland Democrats, he had consented to an interview with Delegate Wilcox. It was during his statement which indicates that there is little comfort to be gained from the minority party for the Home Rule leader.

It was stated during the course of the meeting that from utterances of Wilcox's man Friday Cayless, the Home Rule leader has come to the conclusion that there is no future for the Home Rule party on lines which prevent any action with one of the great parties in the rest of the United States. It is understood that the two were told plainly at Washington that so long as the local party decided to go it alone, just so long would it have no voice in the councils, and no assistance from the National parties in pressing bills which it may consider necessary.

Cayless is understood to be the one who has carried on the negotiations looking to the landing of the Home Rule party in the ranks of the Democracy. His plan is said to be the swallowing of the local Democracy so as to get control of the machinery, and the taking of the old name for the use of a reconstructed Home Rule party. He has succeeded in getting the interest of the mainland Democrats who think of Hawaii at all, and it is due to his efforts that Col. Cornwell and Wilcox will meet today to discuss the situation. Many of the Democrats have signified their intention to work for an agreement which would secure the control of the legislature, even at the expense of permitting Wilcox to return to Washington.

There was some discussion as to the plans to be followed in getting the Democracy representation in the legislature, but there was no decision reached as to what may be done. Palmer Woods made a statement as to his position, saying that he had been asked to run, on a different ticket, for the Senate, but he would not do anything until he had learned the position of the Democracy, and then would follow the course which the party should decide was most profitable.

Editor Testa, who, although not a member of the Democratic club is always present at the meetings and ever ready with suggestions, took exception to the statement of Col. Cornwell, that Home Rule must come to Democracy, and not the other way, saying that the former was the dominant party and must be reckoned with as such, but he was called up by several Democrats and was quickly put in order.

HAWAIIANS DISCUSS SITUATION.

Hawaiian members of the Republican committee and delegates to the convention met last evening at headquarters for an informal caucus which lasted for a couple of hours and brought out several interesting reports. The meeting was one for information and the various men in attendance resolved themselves into a committee on the state of the public pulse, discussing at length the feeling among Hawaiians as to the proper nominee. It was not intended that any action should be taken, and the conference was adjourned, the members deciding that they shall get together later for the purpose of further discussion.

FOURTH PRECINCT CAUCUS.

Fourth Precinct, Fourth District, members of the Republican District Committee met last evening for informal conference as to the action of the members in nominating convention. It is the intention to hold several similar meetings for the purpose of finding just the opinion of the members to capitate, so that the precinct members may enter the convention for the nomination of legislators ready to act as a unit. None of those present would discuss the names brought before the caucus, as there is no intention to form a slate, only to settle the question of

(Continued on page 4.)

(Continued on page 4.)

(Continued on page 4.)

DR. CROSS COMING HERE

To Study Volcano and Look for Minerals.

(Special to the Advertiser.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 4.—Dr. Whitman Cross, who is to spend several months for the Geological survey in examining the formations of the Hawaiian Islands, left here Saturday last and is expected to be a passenger on the Coptic, which bears this letter to Honolulu. Primarily his trip, which is expected to last till the middle of next winter, is for the examination of the volcanoes of the islands, so it is stated at the Geological survey. This is largely because of the recent volcanic activity there, as well as elsewhere in the world. "These islands," says an official of the survey, "are peculiarly adapted to studies of this nature, as the whole group is volcanic in origin and contains some of the largest volcanoes in the world, the cones of Mauna Loa and Mauna Kea, in Hawaii, reaching to heights of nearly 14,000 feet. The volcanic forces in the western section of the islands seem to be extinct, but those in the eastern portion are still immensely active."

However Dr. Cross' trip to Hawaii was contemplated long before the volcanic disturbances and was thought of last winter, when a test case was presented to the Comptroller of the Treasury to determine whether under the Organic law of Hawaii it would be permissible to spend any portion of the general appropriation for the Geological Survey, the Coast and Geodetic Survey, and other bureaus for work in Hawaii. It was ruled by Mr. A. C. Gehl, a gentleman interested in the survey of engineers for large irrigation ditches at Kohala, that it was legitimate to spend necessary parts of these general appropriations for work in Hawaii although it would not be for such work in Porto Rico.

Dr. Cross has been working much of the time in recent years in Colorado and is one of the trusted experts of the Geological survey. It is noticeable that he is not so much of an expert of volcanoes as he is on minerals and his work in Colorado has been chiefly locating different minerals in that rich mineral state. It is understood here that Dr. Cross will make an exploitation of as large a portion of the islands as possible, but only for the purpose of studying the volcanoes but also for the purpose of furnishing some expert and practical information as to what minerals may be found in the islands. Prof. Walcott, the head of the Geological Survey, is directly responsible for the sending of Dr. Cross. It has been the policy of the bureau to aid the mineral development of different sections of the country and therefore Hawaii is to have the benefit of such official information. Dr. Cross' final report, therefore, which will probably not reach the public for nearly a year yet, will be of large interest to the people of Hawaii.

A preliminary bulletin from the Internal Revenue division of the Treasury Department, announces that the collections of internal revenue in Hawaii for the fiscal year that ended June 30 were \$70,235.22. These aggregate collections which passed through the office of Collector Roy H. Chamberlain were less than for the previous fiscal year, as was the case in all collection districts of the country, because of the repeal of a portion of the war revenue taxes, which went into effect during the year. They will probably prove larger than for the present fiscal year, which began July 1 because of the repeal of all these war taxes which will be in force all this year.

Lieut.-Col. W. H. Heuer, army engineers, who is in charge of the improvements at Pearl Harbor, has rendered his report on the operations there for the fiscal year just closed. He does not speak very enthusiastically of what the contractors have accomplished, under the appropriation of \$100,000 approved by President McKinley March 3, 1899. He cites how a contract was made July 16, 1901, a little over a year ago with Clark and Henry to dredge the bar at the entrance to the harbor for 4 1/2 cents per cubic yard. He states that they constructed a clamshell dredger, after the formal approval of the contract by the War Department, July 25, of last year, which dredger was operated by a gas engine, and commenced work last March. "The progress made," says Col. Heuer, "has been very slow. The dredger proved inadequate for the work and at the end of the fiscal year, June 30, 1902, less than 20,000 cubic yards had been removed."

The present contract expires by limitation November 29 of this year. The amount of money expended during the last fiscal year on the harbor was only \$1,751.77, which was for engineering and office expenses. The amount of money available for the improvement of the harbor July 1, 1901, was \$99,739.51 and on July 1, 1902, \$98,017.74. The Colonel says the amount of money covered by uncompleted contracts is \$89,000. All appropriations necessary for the harbor have been made by Congress and there is sufficient money on hand for the project.

Delegate Dennis Flynn, of Oklahoma, who has been visiting in Hawaii this summer, will return to find a long program of stumping mapped out for him

in the territory. It is unfortunate for Hawaii that Dennis Flynn has returned a resolution, for he is a member of the Committee on Territories of the House and is one of the leaders of men on that committee who has taken an active interest in the affairs of the Hawaiian Islands. However, there are good prospects that Oklahoma will become a state before six months have passed and the probability is strong that Dennis will be elected one of the first two United States Senators from Oklahoma. Therefore Hawaii will still be able to profit from his friendship. It was in good part through his generosity that the Omaha statehood bill, giving statehood to Oklahoma, Arizona and New Mexico, passed the House last session by an overwhelming majority.

The continued absence from Washington of President Roosevelt, Attorney-General Knox, and other high officials who have to do with Hawaiian affairs make it impossible to get any definite word about what is being done regarding the Hawaiian judgeship. As the President is resting as much as possible at Oyster Bay, the chances are that he has not given the matter any attention yet. Attorney-General Knox has not been in town for several weeks, but it is reasonable to suppose that he will have some applications for the place before long and that, before the middle of August at least he will go over the various applications and make his recommendation to the President. The latter part of August President Roosevelt intends to spend in Maine and other New England states, addressing various public gatherings and it is altogether probable that he will have decided upon the name of the new judge and have started his commission on the long journey to Honolulu before he goes on his New England trip.

All the trend of politics, as gathered in the gossip that centers in Washington, point to a big Republican year. The Republican leaders seem to be absolutely confident that they can not be beaten at the polls in November. Of course many campaigns have been lost in the past from confidence of this character, but the Democrats are so badly demoralized everywhere and are putting so little heart into the fight that only one outcome seems possible. Mr. Bryan is discouraging what little hope the Democrats had by talking free silver with renewed vigor and while he has declared anew that he is not a candidate for the re-nomination in 1904 he takes up the role of party leader and adviser, in which role he is decidedly strong because of the immense following that he still has. The surprise of this Bryan following has strengthened the Democratic politicians in many localities this year.

Nothing but favorable news of the Hawaiian cable project is heard here in Washington. The most authentic statements assure that the laying of the cable will proceed as originally planned, notwithstanding the death of Mr. Mackay.

ERNEST G. WALKER.

ATTY-GEN. KNOX STRUCK IN A CAFE

PHILADELPHIA, August 7.—The "North American" tomorrow will print this dispatch:

ATLANTIC CITY, August 7.—Attorney-General Knox was the victim of an attack here late tonight in the cafe of a hotel. The cause of the assault on Mr. Knox was his attitude against the trusts. His assailants were Charles T. Schoen, the multi-millionaire of Philadelphia and Pittsburgh; Theodore Cramp, the Philadelphia shipbuilder, and a Mr. Stevenson, also well known in Philadelphia.

To make clear the dramatic features of this impetuous argument it is necessary to go back a little. The place of its occurrence was a certain aristocratic hotel. The time was 11:30 o'clock tonight. In the cafe annex a rustic little table adjoined the main table. A table of eight covers, all of which were occupied. The central figure at this table was Attorney-General Knox. Seated with him were three other men and four women. Mr. Knox and his party were well along with their repast when a carriage drove up to the hotel. Three men alighted. Charles T. Schoen, Mr. Cramp and Mr. Stevenson were members of the party. The third was Mr. Stevenson. The three men made their way into the cafe annex and took seats at a small table under a mellow incandescent light. Presently the head waiter leaned over the table and asked them if they would like to be served. Mr. Cramp and Mr. Stevenson were seated and requested them to lower their voices. Thereupon the men joined in an apology, and for the first time they took cognizance of the presence of Attorney-General Knox and his party.

Again came a quiet appeal from the table that they should not talk so loud. Again an apology was sent to the party at Attorney-General Knox' table and for a few minutes the loud talk was suppressed. A moment later a rather small man in evening dress leaned over the table where Mr. Schoen and his friends were seated and requested that they refrain from further objectionable remarks. That man was Attorney-General Knox. Then came a blow. It was struck by Mr. Cramp and landed fairly on the belt of the Attorney-General, who found himself opposed to three men, all much larger and heavier than he. The blow staggered him back against the wall.

At that moment half a dozen waiters rushed up. The head waiter seized Mr. Cramp from behind, pinning his arms. Another grappled with Mr. Stevenson and dragged him out of the struggle. Others took hold of Mr. Schoen. Mr. Knox was speedily surrounded by his friends and the party retired from the cafe and were driven away to their hotel. The blow Mr. Knox received from Mr. Cramp stunned him for a moment, but he quickly recovered.

MANILA'S SCOURGE OF CHOLERA

MANILA, Aug. 8.—While cholera is decreasing in Manila, the reports from the provinces show a large number of cases and deaths. Last Saturday there were 605 cases and 525 deaths from cholera in the provinces.

Since the outbreak of the epidemic there have been throughout the archipelago a total of 21,408 cases of cholera and 16,105 deaths. It is believed that many cases were not reported and the total number of cases is estimated at 28,000. Forty-eight Americans and eighteen Europeans have died in Manila since the outbreak.

THINGS AT THE COAST

People Talking of Marcus Island Matter.

(Special to the Advertiser.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 9.—The Marcus Island incident is attracting considerable interest here. All of the papers have despatches upon the subject, both from Honolulu and Washington. The statement that Capt. Roschell has taken Mauser rifles with him and is going to land and raise the American flag whether or no, lends dramatic interest to the subject, as does also the despatching of the Japanese man-of-war to head him off. There is no particular feeling manifested here one way or the other, but, as one of the papers puts it, an island is an island and there are not many more left to go around, so that, even though Marcus may not be worth very much, the U. S. Government should maintain its rights, even though the subject matter is small.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS CONCLAVE.

The great meeting of the Knights of Pythias begins next Monday and will last during the week. Already they are beginning to arrive today, Saturday, and San Francisco is putting on its holiday clothes. Flags are strung across Market street from the Ferry clear up to and beyond the City Hall, while festoons of electric lights almost roof the street in making one of the most beautiful illumination displays ever produced. The spirit and elaborate display shown by the people of San Francisco, solely for the purpose of making their guests welcome, is exceedingly impressive and is a strong reason for the success of California in drawing visitors.

Mr. Henry E. Cooper and his son, Alfred, are visiting San Diego for the purpose of renewing old acquaintances, this having been Mr. Cooper's home before he came to Honolulu. After visiting the University of California and canvassing the subject, they have decided that young Cooper will not enter the University this year, but that he will take a year off before going on with the college course.

W. N. Armstrong is staying at San Jose where he is completing his book of Hawaiian Reminiscences. It is understood that the main subject dealt with will be the story of his trip around the world with King Kalakaua and Col. C. H. Judd in 1881. The principal part of the manuscript is already in the printer's hands and the book will be out shortly. To those who have had the pleasure of hearing some of Mr. Armstrong's reminiscences concerning this experience, and who are acquainted with his style, the forthcoming book is looked forward to with great interest. It will be a unique contribution to the literature of royalty.

ELECTRICITY FROM WATER POWER.

The production of electricity from water power is rapidly developing phenomenal interest in California. The water power companies of the State are leading the way in this form of development. When they began operations in 1895, the longest long-distance transmission of electricity for power was a distance of seventeen miles in Italy. Today the Bay Counties Power Co. is producing electricity in the Sierras north of Sacramento and transmitting it all over the central portion of the State. Marysville, Petaluma, Sausalito, Sacramento, Stockton, Oakland, San Jose and many minor points are now being supplied with power by this company at prices so cheap that even crude oil fuel at seventy cents a barrel cannot compete therewith. Power is now being transmitted from the plant a distance of over 200 miles and the company claims that there is practically no limit within the State to which they cannot send power profitably. The entire street railway system of Oakland is now operated by this power, and this week the company has made an offer to the Alameda County authorities to furnish them with power at two and one-half cents a kilowatt. This is less than it costs the municipal plant to make power and the authorities are closing a contract at this rate. Already the single company above named is furnishing more electric power than any other water power company in the world, except Niagara. A company is now being formed to create water power in the mountains of the San Jacinto Valley, convert it into electricity and transmit it 140 miles to Los Angeles. All of this goes to show the extreme cheapness of water power and to draw attention to the fact that large amounts of water power are now going to waste on the Islands which can be utilized to advantage for pumping water, thereby greatly reducing the now high cost of irrigation. The Waianae Plantation has for several years been irrigating with this power and the Lahaina Plantation is now installing several plants. If similar enterprise is displayed by other pumping plantations, it will, doubtless, result in the saving of several hundred thousand dollars a year now expended for fuel.

WALTER C. WEEDON.

Mr. Weedon's lecture before the Y. M. C. A. of San Francisco on Hawaii to be delivered next Friday evening, is editorially noticed in the "Association News" as follows:

"Mr. Walter C. Weedon, who has been a resident of the Hawaiian Islands for the past thirty-seven years, and who has held various public offices during that epoch-making period, and is therefore thoroughly familiar with the islands' scenery, its people and its religion, will give an illustrated lecture in the Association Auditorium on Friday evening, August 15, at 8 o'clock."

One hundred and forty magnificent views will be shown, and a group of Hawaiian boys will sing their native songs. Mr. Weedon has a large pictorial exhibit of various islands scenes which may be seen at the Association building at any time. The lecture will be open to the public."

The editorial is accompanied by a portrait of Mr. Weedon and the picture of the volcano.

ANCIENT INDIAN CITY IS FOUND

CHICAGO, August 9.—The Rev. Father Cosgrove of Ripon, spent yesterday, under the guidance of Thomas Chithero of this city, says a Portage (Wis.) dispatch to the Tribune, comparing ancient maps and documents with the historical Indian town sites near Fort Hope, in this county, which Mr. Chithero has been for years investigating. Father Cosgrove, on his return to Ripon, will report to Bishop Mesmer of Green Bay that the long looked for Mascouton, the largest and most celebrated city in Indian history and the site of the mission of St. James, has been discovered near Governor's Bend, on the Fox river.

The city is reported in 1675 to have had 20,000 inhabitants. It was heard from as early as 1615, was visited by Nicolet in 1624 and by Radisson and Groseillier in 1675. The mission was founded by Aloues in 1693. It is minutely described by Dablon in 1679, by Marquette on his voyage of discovery with Joliet in 1673.

Every descriptive sentence in the ancient documents referred to has now been verified and several other fort and village sites have been discovered incidentally in the course of the investigation.

CHINESE ROYALTY IN NEW YORK

NEW YORK, August 9.—All Chinatown is gay with the imperial colors and the yellow dragon flies from a hundred roofs and out of three times as many windows. Prince Chen, whose father is a cousin of the Emperor, will arrive today on the steamer St. Paul and the royal subjects of the empire will burn firecrackers and drink wine freely during his short stay here to show their joy at the presence of a member of the royal family.

Minister Wu Ting Fang has arrived with suite from Washington. He will drive to the pier this morning to welcome his successor and to pay his respects to the Prince.

Assistant Secretary of State Pierce has been designated to receive the distinguished foreign visitor on the part of the government.

Secretary James B. Reynolds will represent Mayor Low and will take part in the welcome to the Chinese visitors. Commissioner Partridge has detailed a squad of twenty mounted policemen as an escort and the party will accompany the Prince to the Waldorf-Astoria.

A time for visiting President Roosevelt at Oyster Bay will be decided upon after the Prince's arrival.

GERMAN CAPITAL FOR USE IN SAMOA

Lieut. Richard Deeken, late of the German Army, who is now stopping with his wife at the Moana Hotel, goes to Samoa on the Sierra where he will open up a cacao and vanilla plantation for the German-Samoa Company, Ltd., of which he is manager. Lieut. Deeken was in Honolulu for four months two years ago. At that time he had just returned from an extensive tour of the South Sea Islands. This company was organized to open up a plantation in German Samoa after he had made his report of the possibilities of the country.

The company has secured a tract of 2,000 acres. It will import 300 Chinese plantation laborers on three-year contracts direct from China. Cacao trees will be imported from Ceylon and vanilla trees from Tahiti. Lieut. Deeken says that this kind of plantation is particularly well adapted to Samoa conditions. The company was formed in Berlin, but Mr. G. Kunst of Waikiki is the heaviest shareholder in the venture. Two other companies are now working similar plantations in German Samoa. The new plantation will begin work on the first of October.

Manager Deeken says that many people imagine that Samoa is a small gold mine but he considers it useless for anyone to go there without plenty of capital. He says that it is necessary to use Chinese labor as the Samoan natives cannot be depended on for plantation work.

Ancient Kansas Fossil.

MINNEAPOLIS, August 7.—Professor W. N. Winchell, president of the Geological Society of the United States and a member of the faculty of the University of Minnesota, left for Kansas tonight with Warren Upham, secretary of the Minnesota Historical Society, to investigate the reported discovery of a human fossil said to be 35,000 years old. They hope to secure valuable data in support of the contention that the earth was inhabited during the glacial period.

A Prince Imprisoned.

LONDON, August 5.—The Constantinople correspondent of the Daily Chronicle says Prince Reshad, brother of the Sultan and heir apparent to the throne of Turkey, and Prince Djimat, the next in succession to the throne, have been arrested and imprisoned, accused of assisting the "Young Turkey" party.

Chicago Rapid Transit.

CHICAGO, August 4.—With cars geared to run 100 miles an hour, world's records for railways and street railways will probably be broken by the General Electric Company and the Aurora, Elgin and Chicago Electric Company at a test run some time this fall. This speed trial will be held on a sixteen-mile stretch from Wheaton northwest to Elgin.

Sultan the Obstacle.

VIENNA, August 5.—Dr. Theodore Herzl, founder of the Zionist movement and head of the Palestine Association, and Dr. Wolfson, president of the Jewish Colonial Trust, have returned here from Constantinople. They report that their conference with representatives of the Sultan with reference to the proposed settlement of Zionists in Palestine has been without result, in reply to Dr. Herzl's written statement on the subject the Sultan expressed sympathy with the Jews in their purpose and named certain concessions which he would grant. These, however, did not mention the requirements of the Zionists.

England Venerates Washington.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—Joseph H. Choute, the American Ambassador, this morning unveiled a portrait of Washington in Masonic regalia, in the presence of many Masons, in Freemasons' Hall. The Earl of Warwick, the deputy grand master of the Freemasons of England, who presided, paid a tribute to Washington, in which he referred to the great veneration in which the first American President was held in England and his consistent remembrance of fellow-Masons during the war for American independence.

Honolulu Doctor's Interesting Voyage.

Dr. C. B. Cooper and R. W. Anderson had an interesting voyage to the Coast on the Sierra as during its course they visited in a post mortem examination on the remains of A. Johnson, the steamer's chief cook, who died when half way to the Coast from appendicitis.

A YOUNG LADY'S LIFE SAVED.

At Panama, Colombia, by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

Dr. Chas. H. Utter, a prominent physician of Panama, Colombia, in a recent letter states: "Last March I had as a patient a young lady sixteen years of age, who had a very bad attack of dysentery. Everything I prescribed for her proved ineffectual and she was growing worse every hour. Her parents were sure she would die. She had become so weak that she could not turn over in bed. What to do at this critical moment was a study for me, but I thought of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and as a last resort prescribed it. The most wonderful result was effected. Within eight hours she was feeling much better; inside of three days she was upon her feet and at the end of one week was entirely well." For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

To Be Depended On

Because It Is the Experience
of a Honolulu Citizen and
Can Readily be In-
vestigated

A stranger lost in a large city would place far more dependence on the directions given him by a local resident than the guidance of another stranger like himself. This is a natural consequence of experience; it's like a ship in a strange port—a trusty pilot familiar with the harbor is always called upon to bring her safely to her moorings. So it is with endorsement; we doubt the sayings of people living at a distance point because we can't investigate, but public expression of local citizens can be depended upon, for 'tis an easy matter to prove it. Evidence like the following is beyond dispute:

Mr. W. F. Williams of this city, is a light-house keeper, and he has held this position for the last 20 years. He says: "I was for a number of years, one of that numerous army of people who suffer with their backs. Mine ached and pained me to no small extent, so that I was glad when I heard of a remedy for it, Doan's Backache Kidney Pills. I obtained some of these at the Hollister Drug Co's store, and took them. They gave me great relief, and I make this short narration of my experiences for the benefit of others who perhaps do not know that nearly all backache arises from the kidneys, and the best medicine for it is Doan's Backache Kidney Pills."

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are 50 cents per box, for sale by all druggists; sent by mail on receipt of price by the Hollister Drug Co., Honolulu, wholesale agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

Our Soda Water

GINGER ALE, CREAM SODA,
KOMEL, ROOT BEER, Etc

Is sweetened by the use of pure cane sugar. We use no cheap substitute, ONE REASON WHY our beverages are the best and the most popular.

Prompt delivery anywhere and everywhere in the city and Waikiki.

Consolidated Soda Water Works

COMPANY, LTD.
Telephone Main 71.
Works 601 Fort street.

A HOME CURE

A pleasant, refreshing beverage and a wholesome tonic is

Primo Lager

It will strengthen the muscles and build up your system.

Brewery Telephone Main 341.

Fine Furniture

Genuine Mahogany

Dressers, Dressing Tables, Parlor Cabinets and Ladies' Desks. All new and choice goods. Some of these are reproductions from old designs.

Crumb Cloths and Art Squares

for the dining room. We have these in light cool colors at prices unheard of before.

Our Rug Stock

is complete. We keep everything from a cheap Jute rug to an imported Royal Wilton. A large assortment of patterns and sizes.

Furniture Covering in select patterns.

Window Shades Porch Screens Matting

Our Upholstering and Repairing Department

is first class in every particular.

J. Hopp & Co.

LEADING FURNITURE
DEALERS.
Corner King and Bethel Sts.

THE FIRST

American Savings & Trust Co.

OF HAWAII, LTD.

Capital, \$250,000.00.

President Cecil Brown
Vice-President M. P. Robinson
Cashier W. G. Cooper
Principal Office: Corner Fort and King streets.

SAVINGS DEPOSITS received and interest allowed for yearly deposits at the rate of 4 1/2 per cent per annum. Rules and regulations furnished upon application.

Castle & Cooke.

LIFE and FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS...

AGENTS FOR
New England Mutual Life Insurance Co
OF BOSTON.

Aetna Life Insurance Company
OF HARTFORD.

Mill's College CALIFORNIA

COLLEGE AND SEMINARY
Courses: Music and Art; excellent
advantages. A refined, Christian home
for young ladies. Fall term begins
August 13, 1902. For catalogue or other
information, address MRS. C. T.
MILLS, Mills College P. O., California.
2404

CLEARING CABLE'S PATHWAY

President Grants the Landing Rights.

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., Aug. 9.—President Roosevelt today made formal announcement that he had granted the application of the Commercial Cable Company to land a cable on the shores of the United States, on the Islands of Hawaii and Guam and in the Philippine Islands, and for access to certain soundings and profiles in the possession of the Navy Department.

The text of the memorandum on the subject which was prepared by the Department of Justice and contains the conditions imposed by the United States government, was one of the subjects considered yesterday by the President and Attorney General Knox. As issued by the President, the memorandum is as follows:

"The President, having duly considered said application herewith consented that the company may lay, construct, land, maintain and operate telegraphic lines of cables on the Pacific Coast of the United States and the various territorial waters of the United States, to connect the city of San Francisco, Cal., the city of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Hawaiian Islands, and by the way of Midway Island and the Island of Guam, the Island of Luzon, Philippine Islands, and a point on the coast of the Empire of China, not yet determined.

"It is conditional to the granting of consent that the company was to file its written acceptance of the terms and conditions on which consent is given, to wit:

"1. That the company has not received any exclusive concession or privilege and is not combined or associated with any company or concern having such concession or privilege, such as would exclude any other company or concern formed in the United States of America from obtaining the privilege of landing its cable or cables on the coasts of China, and said company, its successor or assigns, will not receive or become associated with a concern as the Postmaster-General shall annually fix.

"5. That the United States shall at all times have the right to purchase the cable lines, property and effects of the said company at an appraised value to be ascertained by disinterested persons, two to be selected by the Postmaster-General, two by the company or concern interested and the fifth by the four previously selected.

"6. That the government of the United States shall have authority to assume full control of the said cable when at war or when war is threatened.

"7. That all contracts entered into by the said company with foreign governments for the transmission of messages by the said cable shall be null and void when the United States is engaged in war.

"8. That the United States shall have authority to sever at discretion all branches which may be connected with the American cable line aforesaid during war or threatened war.

"9. That the operators and employees of said company (above the grade of laborers) after said cable shall have been laid, shall be exclusively American citizens.

"10. That the citizens of the United States shall stand on an equal footing as regards the transmission of messages over said company's lines, with citizens or subjects of any other country with which said cable may connect.

"11. That the company shall agree to maintain an effective speed of transmission over the main cable route from California to Luzon of not less than twenty-five words per minute.

"12. That the cable laid shall be of the best manufacture.

"13. That ample repair service for said cable shall be maintained.

"14. That the line shall be kept open for daily business and all messages in the order of priority heretofore provided for, be transmitted according to the time of receipt.

"15. That no liability shall be assumed by the government of the United States by virtue of any control or censorship which it may exercise over said line in the event of war or civil disturbance.

"16. By the grant of this permission, the United States government does not insure or indemnify said Commercial Cable Company against any liability rights claimed to exist in favor of any company or companies in respect to any of the insular possessions of the United States.

"17. That the consent hereby granted shall be subject to any future action by Congress, or by the President reaffirming, revoking or modifying, wholly or in part, the said conditions and terms on which this consent is given. The acceptance of the terms and conditions upon which this consent is given shall be evidenced by a copy of a resolution by the board of directors of the cable company under the company's seal to be filed with the Postmaster-General of the United States, upon the filing of which full access shall be granted to said company by the Secretary of the Navy to all soundings, profiles and other helpful data in the possession or under the control of the Navy Department."

Viking Ship Unearthed.
CHRISTIANIA (Norway), August 7.—A Viking ship, forty-nine feet long, has been unearthed on the island of Karmoe.

LEAHI HOME AN IDEAL PLACE FOR THE CARE OF THE SICK

Opening of the Hospital for the Incurables Now at Hand the Buildings Having Been Finished.

THE Hospital for Incurables (Leahi Home) has been completed and formally turned over to the trustees. Yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock trustees Alexander Young, J. P. Cooke and S. E. Damon met William Mutch and Archibald A. Young of the building committee at the Leahi Home for the purpose of taking over the hospital buildings, which were practically ready for occupancy. Wm. Mutch, the architect and superintendent, declared his work finished and the trustees received the keys and appointed a caretaker to look after the premises until they can be furnished and occupied. It is expected that the patients now being cared for in the old kerosene warehouse in Kakaako will within a week, be comfortably housed in their new quarters where they may have plenty of pure air, excellent water and an outlook equal to any in Honolulu or vicinity.

Governor and Mrs. Dole and Mrs. Alexander Young, together with the trustees and committee, thoroughly inspected the premises, the Governor expressing his appreciation of the services of the subscribers and workers who had made the much needed Home an accomplished fact, and he hoped that suitable support would be given it by many of the men and women of the territory.

Wray Taylor was found on the grounds planting trees and grass to help make more beautiful the place that nature has so well endowed. Allan Herbert has also volunteered his valuable services in planting trees and shrubs about the grounds.

The buildings as now erected are capable of accommodating forty-eight or fifty patients and all the necessary attendants. The rooms are all large and well ventilated and everything around the entire place has an air of neatness and comfort. Much credit is due to Wm. Mutch who has given a large part of his time and attention to the planning and erection of the buildings, as also for the rigorous economy exercised in expenditures during the entire course of construction.

It is largely due to the energetic efforts of Alexander Young and his handsome contribution of \$25,000 which made the hospital an assured fact, his interest not abating from the moment he placed his name upon the subscription papers.

pressing his appreciation of the services of the subscribers and workers who had made the much needed Home an accomplished fact, and he hoped that suitable support would be given it by many of the men and women of the territory.

Wray Taylor was found on the grounds planting trees and grass to help make more beautiful the place that nature has so well endowed. Allan Herbert has also volunteered his valuable services in planting trees and shrubs about the grounds.

The buildings as now erected are capable of accommodating forty-eight or fifty patients and all the necessary attendants. The rooms are all large and well ventilated and everything around the entire place has an air of neatness and comfort. Much credit is due to Wm. Mutch who has given a large part of his time and attention to the planning and erection of the buildings, as also for the rigorous economy exercised in expenditures during the entire course of construction.

It is largely due to the energetic efforts of Alexander Young and his handsome contribution of \$25,000 which made the hospital an assured fact, his interest not abating from the moment he placed his name upon the subscription papers.

pressing his appreciation of the services of the subscribers and workers who had made the much needed Home an accomplished fact, and he hoped that suitable support would be given it by many of the men and women of the territory.

Wray Taylor was found on the grounds planting trees and grass to help make more beautiful the place that nature has so well endowed. Allan Herbert has also volunteered his valuable services in planting trees and shrubs about the grounds.

The buildings as now erected are capable of accommodating forty-eight or fifty patients and all the necessary attendants. The rooms are all large and well ventilated and everything around the entire place has an air of neatness and comfort. Much credit is due to Wm. Mutch who has given a large part of his time and attention to the planning and erection of the buildings, as also for the rigorous economy exercised in expenditures during the entire course of construction.

It is largely due to the energetic efforts of Alexander Young and his handsome contribution of \$25,000 which made the hospital an assured fact, his interest not abating from the moment he placed his name upon the subscription papers.

pressing his appreciation of the services of the subscribers and workers who had made the much needed Home an accomplished fact, and he hoped that suitable support would be given it by many of the men and women of the territory.

Wray Taylor was found on the grounds planting trees and grass to help make more beautiful the place that nature has so well endowed. Allan Herbert has also volunteered his valuable services in planting trees and shrubs about the grounds.

The buildings as now erected are capable of accommodating forty-eight or fifty patients and all the necessary attendants. The rooms are all large and well ventilated and everything around the entire place has an air of neatness and comfort. Much credit is due to Wm. Mutch who has given a large part of his time and attention to the planning and erection of the buildings, as also for the rigorous economy exercised in expenditures during the entire course of construction.

It is largely due to the energetic efforts of Alexander Young and his handsome contribution of \$25,000 which made the hospital an assured fact, his interest not abating from the moment he placed his name upon the subscription papers.

pressing his appreciation of the services of the subscribers and workers who had made the much needed Home an accomplished fact, and he hoped that suitable support would be given it by many of the men and women of the territory.

Wray Taylor was found on the grounds planting trees and grass to help make more beautiful the place that nature has so well endowed. Allan Herbert has also volunteered his valuable services in planting trees and shrubs about the grounds.

The buildings as now erected are capable of accommodating forty-eight or fifty patients and all the necessary attendants. The rooms are all large and well ventilated and everything around the entire place has an air of neatness and comfort. Much credit is due to Wm. Mutch who has given a large part of his time and attention to the planning and erection of the buildings, as also for the rigorous economy exercised in expenditures during the entire course of construction.

It is largely due to the energetic efforts of Alexander Young and his handsome contribution of \$25,000 which made the hospital an assured fact, his interest not abating from the moment he placed his name upon the subscription papers.

pressing his appreciation of the services of the subscribers and workers who had made the much needed Home an accomplished fact, and he hoped that suitable support would be given it by many of the men and women of the territory.

Wray Taylor was found on the grounds planting trees and grass to help make more beautiful the place that nature has so well endowed. Allan Herbert has also volunteered his valuable services in planting trees and shrubs about the grounds.

TWO SCHOOLS FOR CHURCH

Plans of Bishop Restarick for an Improved Educational System.

Among the plans which Bishop Restarick has for the advancement of his diocese is one of making St. Andrew's Priory, and also the Episcopal school for boys, institutions which will tend to give the pupils educational advantages here equal to those to be obtained in similar schools on the mainland. At present the bishop's plan is to have the Priory open on September 8. The teachers will include Miss Evelyn Wile, a graduate of the State Normal School of California; Miss Hortense Leffingwell, a graduate of St. Mary's, Knoxville, Ill., and Miss Beatrice Young of Honolulu. Mrs. Louise F. Folson, who has had a large experience, will be the house mother, and will also be in full charge of the girls who board at the Priory while attending the normal school; Miss Charlotte Teggart will be the registrar, and any letters in regard to the Priory may be addressed to her.

In speaking of the future of the Priory, Bishop Restarick said yesterday that the intention is to carry on the school at present on the same lines as before. Considerable money, however, will be expended in the improvement of the buildings, and the new faculty hopes to retain all the old pupils and gain a large number of new ones. Sisters Beatrice and Albertina will reside in a cottage on the school grounds, and will try by their influence and advice to help on the institution.

The boys' school, conducted by the Rev. Frank Fitz, will continue as before. The bishop, however, has in mind plans for an extension of the school, both as to buildings and advanced studies, but as yet has not had time to take the matter under consideration.

Rev. Arthur Evans, rector of the Church of the Ascension of Los Angeles, will leave in the Claudine next Tuesday for Hilo at the bishop's request, look over the situation, and report as to the advisability of starting work in that city. As soon as practicable the bishop will make an extended visit to Hawaii, and take steps to fill vacancies there.

Bishop Restarick will have for his residence a comfortable house, No. 1256 Beretania avenue, between Pihoko and Keaumoku streets. He will preach tomorrow morning in St. Peter's chapel and in the evening in the cathedral.

Yohé Is Nervous

PARIS, August 3.—May Yohé reached Paris this morning, but up to midnight she had not seen Putnam Bradlee Strong or learned where he is. Miss Yohé reached the railroad station at 6 o'clock this morning. She suffered greatly and was unable to walk or stand as a result of having sprained her knee on the eve of her departure from London yesterday. Miss Yohé's nerves were completely unstrung. She had to be carried to a carriage at the station and to her room upon her arrival at the hotel where she is stopping. The doctor who was summoned prescribed complete repose and would not allow her to see anyone during the day. He said rest for at least one week would be necessary to permit the recovery of her injured knee.

A Hebrew Regiment

NEW YORK, August 2.—As a result of the riot at the funeral of Rabbi Joseph, a movement started several months ago for the organization of a Hebrew-American regiment in this city has received a new impetus. Four hundred members already have been secured.

WENT TO VISIT HIS SISTER

A. J. Cottingham went to Washington Co., Ark., U. S. A., to see his sister and while there was taken with flux (dysentery) and was very bad off. He decided to try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and was so much pleased with the prompt cure which it effected, that he wrote the manufacturers a letter in praise of their medicine. Mr. Cottingham resides at Lockland, Ark., U. S. A. For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaii.

MAY BE WAR WITH GERMANY

BERLIN, August 4.—The utterance attributed to Rear Admiral Taylor of the United States Navy as to a probable conflict between the governments of Germany and the United States in 1907 was printed conspicuously here. The Tageblatt says it requires all the wrongheadedness of a jingo, combined with complete ignorance of European affairs, to imagine that Germany intends to annex the Netherlands. Any German admiral so indiscreet, the Tageblatt continues, would be relieved of his duties immediately.

NEW YORK, August 4.—In a recent dispatch from Washington, Rear Admiral Taylor, chief of the Bureau of Navigation, was credited with having given expression to the ideas referred to in the foregoing message from Berlin. In this Washington dispatch Rear Admiral Taylor was described as thoroughly alive to the steady set of a current which is carrying the United States and Germany along converging lines in many parts of the globe and bringing these two nations into closer rivalry elsewhere.

To Rear Admiral Taylor was given the credit of warning the leaders of the United States Navy and Army that preparations must begin at once and be vigorously prosecuted from this time forth for a grave crisis in German-American relations in the spring of 1907. The time of this crisis is fixed coincident with the most efficient of Germany now contemplates; the time when the Panama canal will be opened; when the Cuban reciprocity may have about reached the end of its tether; when Jamaica and other West Indian islands will be prostrate in bankruptcy; when The Netherlands—according to Admiral Taylor's predictions—will have been absorbed by Germany, leaving Curacao and the other Dutch islands of the Caribbean sea as bones of contention to force a supreme test of the Monroe doctrine.

CHICAGO, August 4.—Rear Admiral Taylor denies the story telegraphed from Washington to the effect that he believes the United States and Germany may go to war in 1907. When asked if he had set a date for a conflict between the two countries, he said: "Such assertions as have been accredited to me are without foundation other than that I have said our sea coast defenses should be well protected against attack by a European power. All naval officers are of this opinion. It would be ridiculous for me to predict a war with any nation. Our navy should be strengthened and put in readiness for any possible contest."

ELECTRIC CARS FOR ST. PETERSBURG

ST. PETERSBURG, August 2.—Since M. A. Verner, of Pittsburgh, Pa., was granted a concession here last May for the establishment of an electric railroad from St. Petersburg to a suburb of the city, the entire street railroad situation in St. Petersburg has changed.

Mr. Verner has formed a partnership with Engineer Battinsky, who last year demanded a concession for an elevated railroad fifty-nine miles long, to cost \$28,000,000. Battinsky secured an interview with the Czar, who demanded the documents of the tramway commission and endorsed them with a recommendation of concession to the financier of the project, which virtually meant Mr. Verner.

M. Dewitte, Minister of Finance, and Mr. Verner immediately began negotiating terms upon which the value of the concession would depend. The Municipality of St. Petersburg has already received the sanction of the government to accept construction bids for the electrification of the three street railway lines it now owns.

The Novoe Vromya has begun a vehement campaign against this concession, preferring municipal ownership of the traction system, with operation under lease. The paper says that a proposal from Battinsky and Verner for a street railroad concession in Moscow is also likely to be granted.

It is understood that Battinsky's plan for an elevated railroad has been dropped and that the present plans include overhead trolleys only.

SKELETON UNDER THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—Workmen employed in tearing out the inside of the White House last week unearthed deep down under the basement a portion of a human skeleton. Strenuous efforts have been made to keep the discovery secret pending careful investigation. The workmen have been cautioned not to discuss the subject, and the most rigid regulations have been adopted to prevent persons not actually employed in the work from entering the building.

The mysterious discovery was made while laborers were excavating a subcellar below the floor of the basement for new heating apparatus. After going down about ten feet a massive stone vault was encountered. It proved to be what was apparently the foundation walls of an old house that had evidently stood on the spot where the White House was afterward erected. In this same excavation was found an immense oven embedded in a stone wall, and in close proximity to the oven were found the bones. The workmen believed they had unearthed an ancient tomb, and the negroes fled in terror.

BE A MAN!

Arouse Yourself. Feel the spark of Life in Your Nerves. Recover the Vigor You Have Lost.



Would you not like to have your friends point to you as they used to and say, "There goes a strong man?" Do you not wish your eye to be so bright, your step so firm and your form so erect that men and women will admire you and remark at your manly bearing? These are the thoughts uppermost in the minds of modern men—physical and mental perfection, strength and power.

Who does not like to be strong, to feel that he is equal in strength to any man of his age? You can be if you will obey the appeal here made to you.

Drugs have been tried and have failed. You know that. Electricity is Life. It gives you the oil with which to set the machinery of your body in motion, and a few months' use of it will assure you health and happiness for the rest of your life. "It is worth its weight in gold to me," says a recent letter. "I would not sell it for all the gold in this State," writes another grateful patient. It will cure all Nervous and Organic Weakness, Rheumatism, Lameness, Back, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Indigestion, Dyspepsia and all ailments following the effect of dissipation. It will prove of great value to any man who suffers from these ailments.

Call today and test it free, or send for my book with full description. I will send it closely sealed if you will inclose this ad.

Dr. M. E. McLaughlin, 906 MARKET ST.
San Francisco, Cal.

Ladies' Colonial Slippers

We have a wealth of pretty and stylish slippers for ladies. Some are tongue slippers, others are slides, all new arrivals and the very latest styles. Have all the points to make them "swell" in the extreme. Many kinds of leather and variety of shapes and heels. See them in our show window.

Manufacturers' Shoe Co., Limited

1057 FORT STREET.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE

IS THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

Coughs, Colds, Asthma and Bronchitis.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE—Vice Chancellor SIR W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR OF CHLORODYNE; that the whole story of the defendant, Freeman, was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to. See the Times, July 18, 1884.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is a liquid medicine which assuages PAIN OF EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep WITHOUT HEADACHE, and INVIGORATES the nervous system when exhausted. IS THE GREAT SPECIFIC FOR CHOLERA, DYSENTERY and DIARRHOEA.

The General Board of Health, London, reports that it ACTS as a CHARM: one dose generally sufficient.

Dr. Gibbon, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "Two doses completely cured me of diarrhoea."

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is the true palliative in NEURALGIA, GOUT, CANCER, TOOTHACHE, RHEUMATISM.


DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE rapidly cures short all attacks of EPILEPSY, SPASMS, COLIC, PALPITATION, HYSTERIA.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—The immense sale of this Remedy has given rise to many Unscrupulous Imitations.

N. B.—Every Bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the Government Stamp the name of the Inventor, DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE. Sold in bottles, 1s 1d, 2s 6d and 4s 6d, by all chemists.

Sole Manufacturer, J. T. Davenport, 33 Great Russell St., London, W. C.

THE Steel Giant Grubber



Which has proved so successful in clearing land of lantana was introduced by the PACIFIC HARDWARE COMPANY, LIMITED, a little more than a year ago and has the endorsement of those who have used it.

The several invoices of Grubbers already received have been disposed of so promptly on arrival that they have not been advertised.

A few of the No. 2 size are now in stock and a supply of No. 1 are expected at an early date.

Any one interested in freeing his land of lantana should correspond with the

Pacific Hardware Co., Ltd.

Fort Street, Honolulu.

INSURANCE

Theo. H. Davies & Co.

(Incorporated.)

AGENTS FOR FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

Northern Assurance Company

OF LONDON, FOR FIRE AND LIFE. Established 1825. Accumulated Funds £1,000,000.

British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co.

OF LIVERPOOL, FOR MARINE. Capital £1,000,000.

Reduction of Rates. Immediate Payment of Claims.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD.

AGENTS.

IMPERIAL LIME

89 15-100 Per Cent Pure.

The very best Lime and in the best containers.

In Lots to Suit.

Low Prices.

CALIFORNIA FEED CO.

AGENTS.

Olaa Sugar Co., Ltd.

ASSESSMENTS.

THE TWENTY-FIRST ASSESSMENT of 10% or two dollars (\$2.00) per share has been called to be due and payable June 20, 1902.

The twenty-second assessment of 10% or two dollars (\$2.00) per share has been called to be due and payable August 21, 1902.

The twenty-third assessment of 10% or two dollars (\$2.00) per share has been called to be due and payable October 21, 1902.

The twenty-fourth and final assessment of 10% or two dollars (\$2.00) per share has been called to be due and payable December 20, 1902.

Interest will be charged on assessments unpaid ten days after the same are due at the rate of one per cent (1%) per month from the date upon which such assessments are due.

The above assessments will be payable at the office of The B. F. Dillingham Co., Ltd., Stangenwald building (Sixth).

ELMER E. PAXTON.

Treasurer Olaa Sugar Co.

May 12, 1902.

Clarke's Blood Mixture

THE WORLD-FAMED BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER. IN WARRANTED TO CLEAR THE BLOOD FROM ALL IMPURITIES FROM WHATEVER CAUSE ARISING.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, Blackheads, Pimples and sores of all kinds. It is a never failing and permanent cure.

Cures Old Sores. Cures Sores on the Neck. Cures Sore Legs. Cures Blackhead or Pimples on the Face.

Cures Scurvy. Cures Ulcers. Cures Blood and Skin Diseases. Cures Glandular Swellings. Clears the blood from all impure matter. From whatever cause arising.

It is a real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains. It removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

As this Mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS OF WONDERFUL CURES.

FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in bottles, 2s 6d each, and in cases containing 24 times the quantity, 10s 6d each. It is a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases. By ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world. Proprietors: THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England. Trade mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE".

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE

CAUTION.—Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations and substitutes are sometimes peddled off by unprincipled vendors. The words, "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Government stamp, and "Clarke's Blood Mixture" is printed in bold, WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

CASTLE & COOKE CO., LTD.

MONOLULU.

Commission Merchants

SUGAR FACTORS.

AGENTS FOR:
The Ewa Plantation Company.
The Wailuku Agricultural Co., Ltd.
The Kohala Sugar Company.
The Wailua Sugar Mill Company.
The Fulton Iron Works, St. Louis, Mo.
The Standard Oil Company.
The George F. Blake Steam Pump & Weston's Centrifugals.
The New England Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Boston.
The Aetna Fire Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn.
The Alliance Assurance Company, of London.

HILLO TOWN POLITICS

Republican Party Has Brand New Platform.

HILLO, August 14.—The Republicans of Hillo met in district convention Friday morning in Firemen's Hall to effect a permanent organization. It had been intended to make nominations for the legislature at this time, but upon reading the rules of the Republican Territorial Committee it was learned that nominations could not be made until after the Territorial Convention, which is to be held in Honolulu September 1st.

All the delegates were represented in person or in person and the meeting got down to business immediately by the selection of W. C. Cook as temporary chairman and W. S. McLean as temporary secretary. A permanent organization was effected after the approval of credentials by the election of the following officers: Chairman, P. Peck; vice chairman, J. F. Clay; secretary, W. S. McLean; treasurer, W. Jos. Vierra.

The following were unanimously elected to the Executive Committee: J. D. Lewis, T. W. Barnard, W. C. Cook, W. Kamau, J. G. Jones, M. V. Holmes, A. Lydgate, and J. K. Dillon. An adjournment was taken after the selection of a committee upon platform. Besides the adoption of this declaration at the reconvening of the delegates there was some discussion as to candidates though no action was taken. Lewis, of Hillo, Pritchard of Hamakua and Paty of Olaa were among the names mentioned. The next convention for the nominations will be held in Hillo after the close of the Territorial convention.

The following is the platform adopted by the convention upon motion of J. C. Ridgeway:

PLATFORM.

The Republican party of the First District of Hawaii, in convention assembled, urge all good citizens to unite with the Republican party and support the following:

DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES:
We heartily reaffirm the principles of the Republican party.
We request more speedy improvements in our harbors, wharves and landing facilities throughout the Territory.

We should give our attention, not only to the diversified industries, but as well to the workshop and the factory, that they may be established, grow and prosper as elsewhere under the American flag.

We favor the employment on all public works of only qualified voters and citizens of the Territory.

We recommend continued liberal appropriations for the maintenance and comfort of our unfortunate fellow citizens at Kalaupapa, Molokai.

We favor the establishment of county and municipal governments as soon as practicable.

We oppose all trusts and monopolies and all combinations tending to control supplies and prices.

We approve of the use of the Hawaiian language in legislative debates.

We recognize the necessity for reforming our system of taxation, and to this end favor careful consideration of the whole subject with a view to adjusting the public burden so that it shall be least felt by the poor.

Relying upon the wisdom and support of the voters of the Territory of Hawaii, more especially our Hawaiian fellow citizens, and the guidance of Divine Providence, we shall earnestly strive to carry out the foregoing declarations and to do whatever else may be necessary to perpetuate upon our soil a government of the people, by the people and for the people.

W. G. WALKER,
J. F. CLAY,
JAMES D. LEWIS,
J. K. DILLON,
G. H. WILLIAMS.

PRINCE CUPID IS HERE.

Prince Cupid arrived on the Claudine for a tour of the islands. His coming was preceded by letters to friends in which the Prince is said to have expressed his willingness to accept the nomination for Congress if offered him.

A meeting was held yesterday forenoon in the Hawaiian church in Puna. Over 100 prominent Hawaiians were present and a half dozen speeches were made. David Ewalika presided at the meeting and introduced the Prince.

The speaker briefly reviewed his connection with Hawaiian politics and the part played by Delegate Wilcox in the political undoing of the Hawaiians at Washington. He said that the greatest mistake made by Wilcox was in the beginning, when he forced the Home Rule party upon his people. He should have stood for the principles of either the Republican or Democratic party. By failing to do this, he has led his people astray and worked for them the greatest political injury possible.

The Prince said when he came back to Hawaii, he went in with the Home Rulers to do what good he could for his people. But he had not worked long with Wilcox until he found him wholly selfish in all his purposes and utterly unreliable. He therefore stepped out of the Home Rule ranks and was followed by a large number of young Hawaiians who held the same convictions. The speaker said it was the desire of this younger element to work along non-partisan lines as much as possible. They were for men rather than for any special party name. He urged Hawaiians to lay aside race pride and race antipathies and work for good.

A SURE CASE AGAINST CONSUL YANG WEI PIN



YANG WEI PIN.

How China's Representative Here Smuggled Opium Into Hawaii Under His Consular Frank.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 4.—As a result of the report made by George R. Carter upon the charges preferred against Yang Wei Pin, Chinese Consul at Honolulu, by Chinese residents of that city, the State Department will probably request the recall of that official by the Chinese government.

Certain influential Chinese residents of Honolulu forwarded a request to Secretary Hay for the removal of the Consul some months ago, claiming in substance that he was not a proper representative of their country, as he used his official position for the purpose of holding up his countrymen in every way he could, referring particularly to the fact that he was smuggling opium into the United States.

Upon the report being received by the Secretary of the Treasury he at once directed Collector Stackable of Hawaii to make an investigation. Previous to having received this order, the records of the Treasury Department here show that Collector Stackable had become suspicious of the action of the Chinese Consul, Yang Wei Pin, in April, 1901, and had made investigations, corresponding with the Treasury Department on the matter. The investigations made by him in May, 1901, had been continued and were still under way when the hurry-up order was given him by the Treasury Department in connection with the complaint of Chinese residents of Honolulu. He evidently proceeded with the matter, but at about the time he was ready to make a report, additional directions were sent from this city to the effect that no further action upon his part was necessary, the entire matter having been referred for further investigation by the Secretary of the Treasury to George R. Carter of Honolulu. About the same time a request was forwarded to Mr. Carter to investigate the facts in the case and report to Washington as soon as convenient. Mr. Carter complied with the request of the Department and he made the investigations as requested. It is understood that the report was received here about two weeks ago, but the officials of both the Treasury Department and Department of State refuse to give out any information whatever as to the contents of Carter's findings.

From what is a thoroughly reliable source however, it has been learned that either from the report made by Mr. Carter or some other source the competent men regardless of nationality. He said that Hawaiians were only injuring themselves when allowing themselves to become hate hatters.

The Prince was followed by Kokea who strongly endorsed all the sentiments expressed. Rev. S. L. Desha also spoke in a similar strain. Mr. Desha told of an interview he had with Delegate Flynn of Oklahoma who recently visited in the city. The delegate from Oklahoma told Mr. Desha that as long as the Hawaiians send to Washington a delegate like Wilcox they cannot hope for any special recognition from Congress. Even though Wilcox is delegate for ten years, he will never do the Hawaiian a particle of good. Judge Mahaulu was also a speaker.

Today the Prince and party will go to Puna, returning this evening.

Tomorrow night there will be a monster mass meeting at the fish market at which Prince Cupid and Senator Kamehameha will make addresses. Arrangements are also on foot for a big luau which is being prepared by the friends of the Prince.

officials here have become thoroughly satisfied that the Chinese Consul at Honolulu, Yang Wei Pin, has on at least one occasion smuggled a large quantity of opium into the port of Honolulu without the necessary payment of duties to the United States, and then disposed of it to his countrymen there. As the story goes here, in April, 1901, an attaché of the Chinese Consulate at Honolulu by the name of Yang Tsung Cheng arrived at Honolulu on the steamer Doric. He had with him a large number of trunks, and had also the usual request from the Secretary of State of the United States directed to the Custom officials at Honolulu, that he be shown the customary courtesy as accorded any member of foreign consulates, and that his baggage be not subjected to the usual examination. In addition to this Yang Wei Pin called at the Custom House and requested the same courtesy; the exception from examination of Yang Tsung Cheng's baggage, saying that nothing was contained therein except personal effects, wearing apparel and stationary for the consulate. When Yang Cheng reached Honolulu, he found that he could not land, as a case of smallpox had developed on board the Doric and all passengers at Honolulu as well as all the baggage were placed in quarantine. The passengers remained on Quarantine Island for some fourteen days. On the last day, a dray driven by a Chinaman came to the island at low tide and was loaded up with the trunks of Yang Cheng. On the way across the date to dry land the wagon on account of the weight of the load got stuck and another dray was at once brought from shore and took part of the load of trunks. The trunks on the two drays were marked "Chinese Consulate" but when they reached land the horses were driven to two Chinese stores in the city, and half the trunks were unloaded at each place. Subsequent investigation developed the fact that for some reason or other the baggage of Yang Tsung Cheng had not been opened and fumigated on Quarantine Island. It was developed also that within a short time of the arrival of the trunks, the price of opium took a sudden and surprising drop. A Chinese paper in Honolulu published in its columns that the Chinese Consul had imported opium and was disposing of it. It also developed that the merchants to whom the baggage was taken were selling opium, and that in several instances Chinese residents had made payment to the Chinese Consul for the drug. On the whole, it is said here, a clear case was made against Yang Wei Pin and that but one course is left open to the State Department namely to request the recall of the consul.

Alfonso Wants a Ballet.
NEW YORK, Aug. 3.—A cable to the World from Paris says: M. Gaillard, director of the Paris Opera, obeying an invitation of the King of Spain, hastened to San Sebastian. There he boarded the royal yacht Giraldia and had a two-hour talk about young Alfonso's cherished plan of replacing the ballet at Madrid with a more artistic corps of Paris dancers, to be selected by M. Gaillard. King Alfonso regards classical dances as the highest of all art.

Venitian Church in Peril.
VENICE, Aug. 3.—A great window in the basilica of the Dominican Church of St. John and St. Paul fell in today as the result of having been shaken by a clap of thunder.

The church itself, which ranks next in importance to St. Mark's, has been declared by experts to be in danger of collapse. It contains fine monuments of the most famous doges, who lie buried there.

THE WEEK ON MAUI

Some Aftermath of the Island Races.

MAUI, August 16.—August 12th was celebrated in grand style on Maui by the races at Spreckels' Park, Kahului and the ball game at Wells' Park, Wailuku. Both events were attended by large crowds of people. Honolulu sportsmen cannot complain of lack of hospitality on the part of Mauiites for they won with little difficulty every race they entered except in the first and "Black Bess," a Honolulu mare, would have won that if she had not committed a foul. Most of the racing events were simply gifts to the speedy horses from the Capital.

The Hilo brass band was not present. They were too avaricious. They doubled the price first agreed upon and the Racing Association would not assent to their demands.

Prof. Leonard, the aeronaut, after a most flowery petition to the crowd and the collection of about \$100, did not make an ascension in his balloon. The reason given out was that he could not obtain men enough to hold his balloon down. The wind was somewhat strong but there were hundreds of men, Japanese and other nationalities in attendance at the races nearby. He has not yet made his promised flight.

At the ball game it was remarked that it was not fair sport, for the "Honolulu" played ten men instead of the regular nine,—"Sonny Cunha" counting for two.

Monday evening, the 11th, the clubmen of Hotel Renwick, Paumotu, gave a social dance that was attended by at least 200 Maui residents. Trains conveyed people from the different parts of Central Maui. The Waihee Quinlet Club furnished good music. Everyone present had a fine time and festivities did not come to an end until nearly 4 o'clock a. m.

Mr. Samuel E. Kalamia, deputy sheriff of Makawao, was married to Miss Minerva Langford, the granddaughter of H. N. Langford of Paia, Thursday evening, the 14th. The wedding took place at the Langford residence, Paia and was a most quiet one, attended by only the nearest relations of the bride and groom. The event was a surprise to the many friends of the Deputy Sheriff, for there had been no previous announcement of a marriage engagement.

Saturday afternoon, the 9th, another most exciting polo contest took place on the Sunnyside grounds, Paia, between the four Baldwin brothers and the "Makawao four." The men lined up as follows:
H. A. Baldwin.....No. 1.....W. O. Aiken
Sam Baldwin.....No. 2.....Geo. Wilbur
A. D. Baldwin.....No. 3.....L. von Tempisky
F. F. Baldwin.....No. 4.....S. E. Kalamia
The score in favor of Makawao was the following:

Makawao, Baldwin Bros.
1st Period..... 2 goals.
2nd Period..... 0 " 1
3rd Period..... 0 " 0

D. C. Lindsay acted as umpire. The Makawao Polo Club members are pleased that Capt. L. von Tempisky won the 550 cup in the polo race at Kahului on the 12th. His pony "Jubilee," eclipsed "Weller," "Virgin" and Cornwell's "Owen."

At Wells' Park, Wailuku, the "Wai-kupus" beat the "Morning Stars" at baseball—7 to 5, during the afternoon of the 10th. This is the first time that the "Stars" have been beaten and the victory was due to Searle's swift pitching.

Monday morning, the 11th the trustees of Maunaloa Seminary held a meeting at the Paia Plantation office. Judge Charles Copp, H. A. Baldwin and F. W. Hardy were elected to fill the vacancies caused by the deaths of Dr. Hyde, Geo. E. Beckwith, and James Anderson. In addition to the above-mentioned the board of trustee include Hon. H. P. Baldwin, president; D. C. Lindsay, secretary; Rev. Dr. E. G. Beckwith, E. H. Bailey, Hon. C. H. Dickey and Rev. S. Kapu.

At the next term lace-making will be taught at Maunaloa Seminary which already excels in bamboo and lauhala work.

Beginning the first Wednesday in September, Hon. J. W. Kalua will hold a special term of the Circuit Court at Wailuku for the purpose of naturalizing of aliens.

Sunday next, the 14th, the new Buddhist temple in Wailuku is to be dedicated. Myriads of Japanese from all parts of the island will attend.

The Board of Registration of voters for Maui will make a circuit of East Maui, beginning at Huelo, September 2nd.

Bad news has been recently received as to the health of Attorney Geo. Hons who is at present in California.

D. D. Baldwin and family have been residing at Olinda House recently.

Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Carlton and two daughters of Lahainaluna are camping out in the "little red cottage" near the old Maunaloa Seminary premises in Makawao.

James Fleming of Grove Ranch, Paia, has recently purchased forty acres of land belonging to the Green homestead in Makawao. He will soon build cottage there.

Tuesday, the 12th, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur D. Baldwin departed for their new home in Cleveland where Mr. Baldwin is a member of the legal fraternity. They have been guests of their relatives and friends on Maui for several weeks past.

Congratulations are being offered Mr. and Mrs. Louis von Tempisky of Haleakala Ranch upon the advent of a baby girl, Sunday, the 10th.

Postal Inspector Carr and Postmaster Omsted of Hana made the trip from Kahului to Makawao via the crater of Haleakala, Sunday, the 10th.

Saturday afternoon, the 9th, the committee of the Makawao Book Club met



A great many people want long, heavy hair, but how to get it, that is what puzzles them. The fact is, the hair needs a little help now and then. The roots require feeding.

When the hair is starved, it stops growing, loses its lustre, falls out, turns gray. Ayer's Hair Vigor is a hair-help. It makes the hair grow, stops it from falling, and completely cures dandruff.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

If your hair is fading or turning gray, begin at once with Ayer's Hair Vigor. It will positively restore color to your gray hair, all the full, rich color it had in early life.

As a hair-dressing you will certainly like it, for it keeps the hair soft and glossy and prevents it from splitting at the ends.

Do not be deceived by cheap imitations which will only disappoint you. Make sure that you get the genuine Ayer's Hair Vigor.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Agents.

CHAS. BREWER & CO'S.

NEW YORK LINE

Bark Foohing Suey

SAILING FROM

NEW YORK to HONOLULU

July 1, 1902.

For freight rates apply to

CHAS. BREWER & CO.,

27 Killy St., Boston,

C. BREWER & CO., LTD.

Honolulu.

Fine Cut Tumblers

-AT-

\$2.50 Per Dozen

Attractive in shape and design, useful in size and the most durable article ever sold in this market.

One dozen of these tumblers will outlast at least four dozen of the blown glasses you are now using.

Call and be convinced that we are offering you a good investment.

W. W. Dimond & Co.

Up-to-date dealers in crockery, glass and house furnishing goods.

Sole agents for the celebrated Gurney refrigerators and Jewel stoves

53-55-57 King Street.

HONOLULU.

at Sunnyside, Paia and selected 32 popular books to be read by the 32 club members next year.

Miss Mary E. Fleming of Paia departs today for Honolulu to spend some vacation days in Manoa valley.

Miss Muther returns to Honolulu today after a visit of several weeks at Hamakua.

Weather: Showers on the Hana region every night, but only occasionally in other sections.

FROM THE MAUI NEWS.
WAILUKU, Maui, August 15.—On last Saturday evening, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Baldwin tendered an elegant

(Continued on Page 7.)

LANAI IS NOW GAY'S

Kauai Stockman Purchases the Island.

Lanai will become one of the beauty spots of Hawaii, if the plans toward which Charles Gay is bending his energies are carried through, and the first step was taken Saturday when the two-thirds interest in the former Gibson holdings were purchased by him at auction for \$108,000. This does not mean the entire cost according to the current rumor, and there can be had no confirmation as the parties are not talking of such things now, for it is understood that Mr. Gay will make good the losses of Mrs. Paul Neumann, her mortgage for \$11,400 being the third and the sale being at a figure which would shut her out of benefits.

Despite the fact that there are two outside interests yet held in the island, that in time all will come under the hand of Gay is believed, and this will give to the Kauai man the most complete ranch in the entire group, for it has on it neither lantana nor mongoose. In spite of the few bidders there was really much interest in the sale, and there were about thirty bankers, attorneys and real estate men at the court house door when at noon Saturday auctioneer Will Fisher cried the sale of the estate.

Cecil Brown opened the bidding with \$75,000, and he was promptly raised to \$100,000 by Charles Gay. There was a brief wait and discussion and S. M. Damon then announced his bid of \$107,500. Mr. Gay went him \$500 better, and after a long discussion by the auctioneer upon the merits of the proposition with an urgent plea for a higher bid, the property was sold to Mr. Gay for \$108,000.

The purchaser of the island, Charles Gay, is a member of the firm of Gay & Robinson, who are among the biggest ranchmen in the Territory; but he made the purchase for himself alone. It is his intention to convert the property into a gigantic ranch, for which purpose it is well adapted. The land purchased by Gay covers over 12,000 acres in fee simple, and the leases cover nearly 25,000 acres in addition, and which do not expire for five years. The land is sufficient, according to report, to accommodate in pasturage 8000 head of cattle and about 30,000 head of sheep. There are at present upon the land about 18,000 head of sheep, about 249 cattle and nearly as many horses.

The amount obtained from the sale of the property will not pay the amount of the judgment rendered by Judge Gear in the case of G. Kuhn vs. W. H. Pain and Mrs. Eliza A. Neumann. Judgment was for over \$101,000, but including \$11,400 claimed by Mrs. Neumann for money loaned to Paul Neumann and which was to be paid after the other claims of Kuhn for \$71,913 and Bishop & Co. for \$29,773 had been settled. The attorneys' fees, auctioneer and commissioner's expenses, allowed by Judge Gear, will probably more than eat up any little balance without considering the claim of Mrs. Neumann. George Davis has already been allowed an attorney's fee of \$1500 in this case.

Mr. Gay was seen yesterday at the Hawaiian in regard to his purchase. He was rather reticent relative to his future plans, but stated that he would establish a big ranch for both cattle and sheep upon Lanai. The purchase was made by him as an individual and not for the firm with which he is connected. In response to questions he said that he has no intention, for the present at least, of establishing a steamer service between Lanai and Honolulu, for the transportation of his stock, nor will he build a refrigerator plant there. However, he intends to import fine breeds of cattle from abroad and also from his ranch on Niihau.

Negotiations are also pending by Mr. Gay for the purchase from W. G. Irwin of his third interest in the Gibson estate, and also for the Hayseiden interests on the island.

Vatican and France.

ROME, Aug. 4.—The Vatican regards the present situation in France arising from the closing of unauthorized congregationalist schools as most grave, as it is now believed to be the intention of M. Combes, the French Premier, to denounce the concordat.

It is rumored that Cardinal Rampolla, papal Secretary of State, is still in favor of temporizing with France, fearing that the hostile attitude of the Vatican toward that country would lead to graver complications. Some of the Cardinals advocate an entire rupture with France.

Material for British Cable.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 2.—The schooner Mary E. Dodge has been chartered to carry supplies and material for the British cable station now being constructed on Fanning Island. This schooner will be the second vessel sent from this port with cable supplies. The brigantine Gallie sailed on June 21st with a heavy cargo and a number of officials of the British Pacific Cable Company. The captain of the Gallie expected to arrive at Fanning Island early in August.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

WITHOUT a single sale of shares the stock exchange has been out of business during the past week, due more to the absence of some of the principal brokers than to lack of interest in the offerings. There have been few sessions at which there were more than the officers of the Exchange present, and there has been little of interest in the developments.

The feature of the sugar stocks market has been the reduction of the dividend in Ewa, from one per cent to one-half per cent. This was decided upon owing to the low price of sugar and the desire of the directors of the company to keep the reserve intact until the close of the campaign, so as to be able to see exactly what sugar is costing in production. According to reports there will be a great showing made by Ewa during this year. It is now estimated that the cost of production will be not above \$33 a ton, while the net returns of sugar this year will be close to \$35. This will give Ewa an earning of nearly \$700,000, according to the figures which have been sent out by the local brokers to their coast correspondents. With these prospects it is believed that there will be only a short period during which the dividend will be kept at the lower rate.

Waimea has held the center of the stage for a fair time and the prospect is that the settlement of the difficulties of the estate is about at hand. The committee which has in charge the investigation of affairs will go into the matter closely and it is thought the negotiations now going on will result favorably to the company. In all their demands so far Gay & Robinson have placed about their water rights such restrictions as will render it impossible for the plantation to agree to them. It is now thought they will grant the right to put in the flumes which will water the entire area, and this will increase the plantation to its present size to a 1500-ton estate.

Another deal now being made promises to see the revival of a Maui plantation which was closed up. This is Hamoa, of which Brewer & Company hold nearly the entire issue of 1750 shares of stock. James Cowan, formerly manager of Kona, has taken an option on the holdings of Hamoa, now in the control of Brewer, and information from Maui recently indicates that he has been able to secure a new kind of lease, at lower rates, which will enable the plantation to earn some dividends if it is revived. Mr. Cowan said while in the district that the intention was to begin work immediately with planting if the plans for the floating of the stock are successful, and that there was every chance that the estate would be in operation again within three months. It will be worked upon the basis of a 1000 or 1500 ton plantation.

The meeting of the stockholders of the Pioneer Mill Company to be held this morning will result in the settlement of the financial difficulties which have surrounded the development of the plantation along the expanded line which have been adopted. The plan for the expansion of the stock of the company has been dropped and an increase of the bond issue has been adopted as the only method which will give the relief required. The method now spoken of is the issue of \$1,250,000 of bonds, which will take the place of the outstanding issue of \$500,000. The most of the bonds are held in Germany, and it is the gossip of the street that the new issue will be sent at once to the same quarter. This will mean \$750,000 for the completion of the water supply system, which is well under way, and will insure the successful carrying out of the entire plan as originally proposed. Reports from the plantation are to the effect that the work of getting water is well advanced. There are now two tunnels completed which are bringing in water from the Kona-Kahala district, and the longer tunnel has completed 650 feet of the 1400 of its length. Two of the shorter tunnels will be finished within a few weeks, and these will furnish all the water needed for the present, but the higher levels will be conquered only by the finishing of the entire system of pumps as planned.

The absence of selling on the Exchange did not, however, prevent several changes in quotations. Thus when Ewa was put on the list of one-half per cent dividend earners there was an immediate drop in the price. Just now it is, however, not known as there was no serious bid made. The stock could be had around par. There is much comment on the fact that while Hawaiian Sugar is to be bought here for \$21, on the San Francisco Exchange the price is \$22. Hawaiian Electric is weak, but there are few offerings. The report from San Francisco that Oceanic Steamship Company has been down as low as \$3.75 has caused some discussion, but there is little of the stock held here. As the affairs of the Exchange stand now there is only one stock which has held its own throughout the entire year. This is Wal-lala. Two per cent is the dividend of this stock, and the fact is due to the far sightedness of Mr. Irwin, who would not pay out the surplus in one big dividend, but has held on to the cash so as to be able to continue the regular payments.

The only sale during the week was that of \$7000 of Waialua bonds, which ruled at par. The only dividend statement was of Mutual Telephone of 2 1/2 per cent.

REAL ESTATE.

The most important deal in the real estate market during the past week has been the settlement of the litigation over the Star block, in upper Fort street. The ownership has been in the courts, there being adverse interests. Isaac Noar has now purchased from Lee Chu and C. K. Al nine-sixteenths of the building, at a price not named. This puts the entire ownership in Noar. Coincident with the purchase of this settlement, is the loaning of \$25,000 upon the combined Star and Myrtle blocks, the money coming from the German Savings Bank, through Waterhouse & Company.

The sale of the island of Lanai will take place today, and there promises to be a fair bidding for the property. The island has been in the market for nearly two years past, and many have been the plans for the settlement of the outstanding debts secured by mortgages. Of these there are three, amounting to some \$112,000. This puts the entire ownership in Noar. Coincident with the purchase of this settlement, is the loaning of \$25,000 upon the combined Star and Myrtle blocks, the money coming from the German Savings Bank, through Waterhouse & Company.

There have been few sales recorded during the past week, but the inquiry has been better and the prospects for some lively business, as soon as things settle back into their regular groove. The suburbs continue to attract the greatest amount of attention, and the low priced lot is the thing sought just now.

Mrs. Watkins is building a cottage on Pacific Heights, just below the Silliman home. Progress is being made on the Young residence higher up. There have been several sales of the Paua valley lots of this sub-division during the week at low prices.

The prospects for a road through the College Hills property and down Waiwai of the Rocky Hill point are good. Survey has been made showing that a line of road from the extreme makai end of Hunnewell street in the residence district to Alexander street and Wilder avenue can be constructed so as to have a grade of not above eight per cent. The plans which are being advocated by many residents of the Hills, and which will be embodied in a petition to the trustees, call for the donation of the roadway by the trustees, and their giving as well the material for the street. It is thought if this can be done there will be no difficulty in inducing the Department of Public Works to put through the roadway. This would not only give a driveway which has no car line, but as well a direct route for the residents of the lower section of the Hills district.

SUGAR.

Sugar shows a slight advance, according to the circular of Williams, Diamond & Co., just received by their correspondents here, F. A. Schaefer & Co. They write, under date of August 9th:

We last addressed you by circular 1st inst., per Alameda. Sugar—No changes have since occurred in the local market or for export, prices established March 25th still being in force.

Basis—August 2nd to 5th, no sales; 6th, cost and freight sale 600 tons at 3.28c, and on some date cost and freight sale 800 tons at 3.40c; 7th, cost and freight sale 1000 tons at 3.40c, since which no sales, establishing basis for 96 degrees Centrifugals in New York on that date, 3.40c; San Francisco, 3.03c.

New York Refined—No change. Quotation 4.50c, equivalent to 4.41c net cash, established June 19, still prevailing.

London Beets—August 2nd and 4th; 5th, 6s 3/4; 6th to 8th, 6s. London Cable—August 2 (Aug. 4th holiday in London) quotes Java No. 15 D. S. 7s 7/4d; Fair Refining, 6s 6d; same date last year, 10s 1/4d and 9s 9/4, respectively. September Beets, 6s 1/4d and 5s 3/4d corresponding period last year.

Eastern and Foreign Markets—According to latest mail advices from New York, under date of 4th inst., a quiet market is in evidence for Rawes, tone and tendency favoring sellers. Exports from Java during July aggregate 100,000 tons, and it is noteworthy that the demand for Java sugars from Australia is on the increase, due in large measure doubtless to the shortage in the Queensland crop. Weather conditions in Louisiana are more favorable. Refined is in fair demand while quotations are firmly maintained.

Stocks in Cuba were reduced considerably the previous week.

Latest Statistical Position—Willett & Gray report U. S. four ports in all hands estimated July 30th, 129,597 tons, against 252,944 tons same date last year. Six ports Cuba estimated July 29, 333,000 tons, against 109,500 tons corresponding period last year. Total stock in all principal countries by cable July 31st, at latest uneven dates, 2,355,597 tons, against 1,334,013 tons; increase over last year, 1,021,584 tons.

A CURE FOR CHOLERA INFANTUM
"Last May," says Mrs. Curtis Baker, of Bookwalter, O., U. S. A., "an infant child of our neighbor's was suffering from cholera infantum. The doctor had given up all hopes of recovery. I took a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy to the house, telling them I felt sure it would do good if used according to directions. In two days' time the child had fully recovered, and is now (nearly a year since) a vigorous, healthy girl. I have recommended this Remedy frequently and have never known it to fail in any single instance." For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

ONCE IN HAWAII NEI

Mormon Missionaries Hold a Reunion at Salt Lake City.

SALT LAKE CITY, July 30.—A reunion was held on a grand Pacific island.

With the temperature at 90 degrees, his drives were rather scanty, in a truly savage style. Just a pair of little garters "round his knees."

About 4,500 people visited Saltair yesterday, the occasion being the seventh annual reunion of the Pacific Island missionaries. It also comprised the annual outing of the Utah beetgrowers, but the latter took no active part in the program. The chief purpose of these outings is to let the returned missionaries and converts of the church become better acquainted with each other. The cake-walking yesterday was superb and many of the dusky people from the many islands of Polynesia took advantage of the polished floor to show up the American negro at his own game. There were present at the resort converts from Hawaii, Samoa, Tahiti and New Zealand, who gave entertainments in the way of singing and dancing while dressed in their native costumes. A program was rendered consisting of the following numbers: Song by a double quartette, composed of Bowles, H. K. Aldous, L. G. Hoagland, Joseph Madsen, John Wilson, David Packard and George L. Judd, all returned missionaries from New Zealand; invocation by Elder Tanner; singing of the Hawaiian National hymn, "Hawaii Pono," by native Hawaiians; a market scene came next, in which peculiarly dressed Tahitians appeared and went through an act showing how converts to the church were made. This was followed by a tableaux representing ancient Hawaiian royalty. Then a class of typical Maoris sang native songs, assisted by the quartette. In the evening stereoscopic views were displayed illustrating life in the Pacific Isles. Ex-Chief of Police Hilton delivered a very interesting address upon the Samoan islands.

The children who took part in the program were Nellie M. Josephs, Ida Thorne and Clarence David. They have adopted the American names. Those who took part in the market scene were: Frank Cutler, T. L. Woodbury, Eugene M. Cannon, C. J. Larson, Jesse M. Fox and Osborne Widtsoe. The Hawaiians and other converts are here for the purpose of being educated in the schools of Utah and for the most part are residents of Joseph City in Skull valley.

One of the most intelligent Kanakas and one who speaks the English language most fluently was George Low, whose great-grandfather was an Admiral on a British ship that years ago landed upon the coast of Oahu, in the Hawaiian Islands, and, deserting his ship, joined the natives and raised a family there. Oahu is an island of about 600 square miles, and was the first to ever have a railroad, on which the bright young Kanaka took his wedding tour. Three of the islands now have railroads for the purpose of transporting sugar and coffee. The road in Oahu was built in 1875 by Americans. Near the metropolis of the island of Hawaii, which is the city of Hilo, is the highest mountain in the islands. It stands 16,800 feet high. Not far from this are two volcanoes, the largest of which is nine miles in circumference at its base. The ocean is but three miles distant and there stands a summer hotel that catches many tourists from all over the world because of the excellent surf bathing. Low says there are about 50,000 people in the island now, and but 30,000 of these are full-blooded Hawaiians, the others being mixed with several races. He says that at no point in the history of his race were his people ever cannibalistic. Not so, he says, with the Maoris, who, when first known, were the most dangerous people in the Pacific. Those at the resort yesterday, however, were very docile.

In about three months Low will return to the islands with his family, where they will remain, he coming back to Utah for the purpose of taking a course in the L. D. S. university here.

luau, the entire party adjourned to the residence of Hon. H. P. Baldwin where dancing was indulged in till midnight. One of the best and most hotly contested games of baseball ever witnessed on Maui took place at Wells Park last Sunday afternoon between the Waikapu and the heretofore invincible Mooring Stars, the Morning Stars going down in defeat for the first time this season, the score being 7 to 5.

The credit of the victory belongs to Searle, the promising pitcher of the Waikapu, who pitched superb ball and kept his hits well scattered. Jackson, evidently had an off day as he was not up to his usual form, such as has been seen in his past games.

The Waikapu were reinforced by Rosecrans who put up a very creditable game at short stop, but was not up to his usual standard, not having been able to practice for some months. Waialae at left made two beautiful catches and his lucky drive in the 9th inning won the game for the Waikapu.

The net receipts for the ball game on Tuesday were about \$95, the entire amount of which was handed to Charley Chillingworth, to assist in defraying the expenses of the visiting team.

Mr. H. D. Wishard, who had accepted the position of bookkeeper at the Waialuku Plantation, has received a more favorable offer on Kauai, for which place he will leave in a couple of weeks. His successor has not yet been announced.

BEAUTIFULSKIN

Soft White Hands Luxuriant Hair Produced by CUTICURA SOAP.

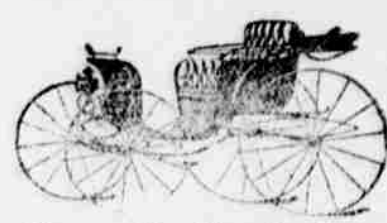
MILLIONS OF WOMEN Use CUTICURA SOAP exclusively for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, in the form of baths for annoying irritations and chafings, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women and especially mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used it to use any other, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients, and the most refreshing of flower odors. No other medicated soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines, in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the BEST skin and complexion soap, the BEST toilet and BEST baby soap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour.

Consulting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of streets and scales and soften the thickest cuticle. CUTICURA Ointment, to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the severest humours, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world. "All about the Skin, Scalp, and Hair," post free, of Aust. Depot, L. TOWNS & CO., Sydney, N. S. W. So. African Depot: L. TOWNS LTD., Cape Town. PATENT DRUG AND CHEM. CO., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

A GOOD TOP BUGGY, \$100.00

WAGONS,
PHAETONS,
BRAKES,
SURREYS,
BUGGIES,
RUNABOUTS.



Harness, Varnishes, Carriage Material, Iron Horse Shoes.

PACIFIC VEHICLE AND SUPPLY CO.

Day Block, Beretania Street, Honolulu.

WRITE OUR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE AND US FOR OUR PRICES

Pacific Mail Steamship Co. Occidental & Oriental S. S. Co. and Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

Steamers of the above companies will call at Honolulu and leave this port on or about the dates below mentioned:

FROM SAN FRANCISCO:				FOR SAN FRANCISCO:			
COPTIC	AUG. 16	GALIC	AUG. 20	COPTIC	OCT. 7	AMERICA MARU	OCT. 14
AMERICA MARU	AUG. 23	HONGKONG MARU	AUG. 26	PERU	OCT. 22	KOREA	OCT. 22
KOREA	SEPT. 2	CHINA	SEPT. 5	COPTIC	OCT. 29	GALIC	NOV. 1
GALIC	SEPT. 10	DORIC	SEPT. 12	AMERICA MARU	NOV. 6	HONGKONG MARU	NOV. 8
HONGKONG MARU	SEPT. 18	NIIPPON MARU	SEPT. 20	KOREA	NOV. 14	CHINA	NOV. 18
CHINA	SEPT. 26	PERU	SEPT. 30	GALIC	NOV. 22	DORIC	NOV. 25
DORIC	OCT. 4	COPTIC	OCT. 7	HONGKONG MARU	DEC. 2	NIIPPON MARU	DEC. 5
NIIPPON MARU	OCT. 14	AMERICA MARU	OCT. 14	CHINA	DEC. 10	PERU	DEC. 13
PERU	OCT. 22	KOREA	OCT. 22	DORIC	DEC. 18	COPTIC	DEC. 19

For further information apply to

H. Hackfeld & Co., Ltd.

AGENTS

SURE CURE!

WHAT?

Pratt's Poultry Food.

FOR WHAT?

CHICKEN CHOLERA,

ROUP, GAGES,

AND ALL POULTRY DISEASES

It is a guaranteed egg producer, quickens the growth of young chicks and makes larger fowls. If you want plenty of eggs,

Try Pratt's Food

For sale by

E. O. HALL & SON, Ltd.

CORNER FORT AND KING STREETS

